# College Student Perspective' toward Netflix as Digital L2 Learning Aid on Vocabulary Improvement

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#### **Abstract**

In the digital era, people use technology to expand the source of learning and teaching. To comprehend a general discussion at a native speaker level, one needs a vocabulary of thousands of words. This research seeks to find out college students' perception about English movies/series in Netflix contribution as digital EFL learning aid on vocabulary improvement. The research questions of this study are: (1). What is the perspective between private university students and state university students towards Netflix as digital EFL learning? (2). Is there any significant difference between female and male students' perspectives toward Netflix as digital EFL learning? (3). Are there any differences in the perspective about Netflix as a digital EFL learning based on their age? This study employed a qualitative method by giving an online questionnaire on Google Form. The questionnaire is distributed to students in various universities. The subject of this research is college students who are taking English classes. The findings of this study indicate that watching English movies/series on Netflix can help students improve their vocabulary.

**Keywords**: EFL Learning, English movies/series, Netflix, Student' responses, Vocabulary enhancement

#### INTRODUCTION

#### **Vocabulary Improvement**

When learning a second/foreign language, some talents and components must be gained. One of the most crucial abilities and components in language development is vocabulary, as communication is difficult without it (Mansourzadeh, 2009). According to research conducted by (Van Zeeland & Schmitt, 2013), a second language English learner needs to understand 95 percent of spoken English and master approximately 3,000-word families. Nation (2006) also stated that a second language (L2) English learners must understand 98 percent of authentic spoken speech, and they must know roughly 6,000–7,000 word families. By that, vocabulary improvement is thus an essential component of achieving language competency.

Vocabulary comprehension is strongly linked to general intelligence, standardized success tests, and academic success (Dickinson, 1984). This statement is supported by (Katemba, 2021), who stated that vocabulary is the most important component to be learned in the language. Without vocabulary, learners cannot speak, write, read, or understand what is being said in the listening and speaking process. If we lack vocabulary, it may hinder us from understanding the words that

consist of the sentences is the most significant word for language learning, without which learners cannot talk, write, read or understand what is spoken in a listening and speaking process."

Mansourzadeh (2009) stated that communication in a foreign language could not take place in any meaningful way unless there are words to express a wide range of meanings, no matter how completely a student learns grammar or how well the sounds of a foreign language are learned. As a result, teaching vocabulary is an important topic that needs more investigation.

For students from Indonesia, from kindergarten through university, English is a foreign language that is studied. Because the English language model differs from Indonesia, English is still seen as a tough subject for Indonesian students. Therefore, it is needed to use a variety of learning techniques in order to optimize their chances of acquiring new words. The method is to expose themselves to a lot of L2 input, which will help with vocabulary development.

Because vocabulary is so essential, various strategies have been used to improve vocabulary, and researchers have discovered a method of learning new vocabulary from previous studies that involve watching English movies.

#### **Netflix**

In this era, technology has become an essential element of human life, and it plays a crucial function in education and learning. In recent decades, on-demand video streaming such as Netflix has become a worldwide application of everyday life. Netflix has taken television to a whole new level by making it available on-demand and on mobile devices all around the world. (Jenner, 2018). Video libraries for these sites contain thousands of titles in different languages and subtitling choices so that even novice learners may enjoy foreign-language content. Popular TV shows are published in whole seasons, leading viewers into compulsive binge-watching. Some of the series' strong appeal makes them not only accessible but also motivating language learning materials. Furthermore, The language features in Netflix can help language learners of all levels (Alm, 2019).

Goctu (2017) investigated foreign language (EFL) students' attitudes and awareness of the use of English movies in the classroom as a means of improving their second language (L2) skills. The study's findings indicate that students had good attitudes regarding using movies in their classrooms to improve their language abilities. As a result, introducing Netflix to class might open the way for a new educational method that uses the streaming service as a Language Learning plan. This research is notable for teachers who want to employ movies in their courses to help their students enhance their foreign language skills. Ayu (2020) stated that online movies could help students learn English easily anytime and anywhere.

The research questions of this research are: (1). What is the perspective between private university students and state university students towards Netflix as digital EFL learning? (2). Is there any significant difference between female and male students' perspectives toward Netflix as digital EFL learning? (3). Are there any differences in the perspective about Netflix as a digital EFL learning based on their age? To achieve these research questions, the researchers did qualitative research to attain the study aims. It focuses on observable and measurable events involving people, events, or objects, as well as determining the strength of the relationship between variables, which is frequently achieved using statistical tests (Couchman & Dawson, 1995).

# **METHODOLOGY**

This study was conducted with inter-mediate university-level students who enrolled in English classes. Researchers select a sample of respondents from the general population and ask them standardized questions in survey research. This method was employed by the researchers to learn about the students' perspectives toward Netflix as a second language learning aid to improve vocabulary.

#### **Instrument**

The main instrument used in this study was a questionnaire with a self-designed survey. The questions were read by the participants in this study, and they understood what was intended, then after that wrote down their answers. Thirty questions were asked in this study, and five responses were provided on a linear scale: Strongly disagree, Disagree, Neutral, Agree, and Strongly Agree. In this questionnaire, researchers use both positive and negative statements.

The questions were given to the sample by the researcher using Google form throughout the questionnaires. There are 30 questions, including negative and positive questions. The researcher requested the students to be honest in their responses to the questionnaire. Therefore, based on the result above, the calculation from 60 respondents shows that 14 people are private university students, and 46 people are state university students. The percentage of students of a private university is 23.3%, while the percentage of students of a state university is 76.7%, of which 76.7% are female, and 23.3% are male.

The instrument's validity and reliability were assessed during the pilot test. As research instruments, researchers utilized items that were both valid and reliable. An instrument's validity can be determined according to Arikunto (2012):

$$r_{xy} = \frac{n\Sigma XY - (\Sigma X)(\Sigma Y)}{\sqrt{\{n\Sigma X^2 - (\Sigma X)^2\}}\{n\Sigma Y^2 - (\Sigma Y)^2\}}$$
(1)

Where:

 $r_{xy}$ : correlation coefficient

*n* : number of subjects

x : item scorey : total score

Table 1: Reliability statistic

Reliability Statistics						
Cronbach's Alpha N of Ite						
.867	30					

According to Table 1, Cronbach's Alpha value is 0.858 or 85 percent, which is more than 0.50 or 50 percent. It means that the questions on the list are trustworthy.

Table 2: Validity criteria

Interpretation
Not Valid
Very Low
Low
Moderate
High
Very High

According to Arikunto (2012), an instrument is trustworthy if the test provides the same result after being tested many times. As a result, it is acceptable to gather the necessary data.

The following is the formula that is used to find the reliability of the instrument:

$$r_{11} = \left(\frac{n}{n-l}\right) \left(\frac{S^2 - \sum pq}{S^2}\right) \tag{2}$$

Where:

r<sub>11</sub> : reliability of all test

n : total number of question

p : subject proportion for the right answer

q : subject proportion for the wrong answer (q = 1 - p)

S<sup>2</sup> : standart deviation of the test

 $\sum pq$ : The result of p times q

Table 3 below shows the classification of the reliability coefficient:

Table 3: Classification of reliability

Amount of r <sub>11</sub>	Interpretation
$r_{11} \leq 0.50$	Very low
0.50 - 0.65	Low
0.66 - 0.79	High
0.80 - 0.99	Very high

# **RESULT AND DISCUSSION**

The researcher tallied the data in Excel to determine the number of students who responded to each statement. The following table provides a summary of the data tallied.

Table 4: Summary of the data tallying

Student's Perception	1	95% of students agreed that Netflix is easy to access
		84% of students agreed that watching English movies/series on
		Netflix is more enjoyable than watching them on other SVoD
	2	services (Subscription Video on Demand)
		88% of students agreed that watching English movies/series or
	3	Netflix can help them improve their English in everyday situations.
		73% of students agreed that their second language (L2) learning
	4	effectiveness was enhanced because of Netflix
		89% of students agreed that watching English movies/series can help
Enhancing Vocabulary	5	them learn many words.
•		52% of students agreed that they comprehend when they watch
	6	movies or television shows with English subtitles.
		68% of students agreed that they could distinguish between words
	7	For example, the words 'big' and 'huge.'
		89% of students who watch English movies or series agree that they
	8	want to understand the meaning.
		62% of students agreed that when they see themselves using English
		successfully in the future, they sometimes have numerous vivid
	9	mental pictures and/or sounds of events.
		46% of students agreed that after watching Netflix, they improved
	10	their vocabulary in their English tests.
		65% of students agreed that they comprehend every word when the
	11	teacher talks in English after watching Netflix.
		81% of students agreed that watching Netflix movies/series helps
	12	them enhance their vocabulary.
		83% of students agreed that they learned a lot of vocabulary from the
		listening material they listened to while watching Netflix
	13	movies/series.
The Knowledge of Learning		950/ of at death and death at 12 - Feedlah are 12 - (2.12)
Background through	1.4	85% of students agreed that watching English movies/series with
movies/series watched on Netflix	_14	subtitles helps them acquire vocabulary.
	1.5	56% of students agreed to take notes on vocabulary from English
	_15	movies/series they watched.
	1.0	75% of students agreed that watching movies/series and trying to
	16	recall terms regularly helped them improve vocabulary.
		43% of students agreed that they were concerned about the tough
	17	words they discovered when reading or listening and that they discovered when reading and the second or listening and the second
	_17	not pass them.
	10	67% of students agreed that they test their vocabulary knowledge
	18	using online exercises.
	10	63% of students decided to use a new word in a phrase to help then
	19	remember it.

		59% of students agreed that when studying, they say their words
	20	aloud.
	20	uroud.
Personal Feelings and Attitudes of		
Students Toward English		
Movies/Series on Netflix	21	71% of students prefer watching English movies/series using Netflix.
		73% of students prefer to watch English movies/series on Netflix if
	22	they have free time.
		46% of students were afraid to apply what they had learned from
		Netflix's English movies/series by having a conversation with an
	23	English speaker using new words.
		87% of students agreed that improving vocabulary from Netflix's
	24	English movies/series is an interesting way.
		37% of students prefer books over Netflix's English movies/series
	25	for learning vocabulary.
		71% of students agreed that it is easier learning a new vocabulary via
	26	Netflix English movies/series
		64% of students agreed that English movies/series from Netflix
	27	should be included in EFL classes.
		80% of students all agreed Netflix English movies/series are an
	28	excellent resource for teaching English vocabulary.
		86% of students agreed that a movie review motivates students more
	29	than a book review.
		84% of students agreed that watching English movies/series on
	30	Netflix is useful to their English learning.

From this student perception variable, we can conclude that the majority of students agreed that Netflix is easy to access and they enjoy watching movies/series using Netflix. In the second variable, the majority of students stated that they learned a lot of vocabulary from the listening material they watched in Netflix movies/series and that they could tell slight distinctions between words. They also understand when the teacher speaks in English after being exposed to Netflix.

The knowledge of learning background through movies/series they watch on Netflix was shown in the third variable where mostly, they remember the new word from movies/series from Netflix repeatedly, and only 43% of them are still worried about the difficult words they found in English. Personal feelings and attitudes of students about English movies/series in Netflix were shown in variable 4 where the result is The majority of the students said that learning vocabulary via Netflix's English movies/series is an exciting method to acquire vocabulary, and they prefer to watch an English movie/series on Netflix if they have spare time to relax.

Based on Table 4, the affective response describes how students react to watching English movies/series on Netflix to acquire new vocabulary. Students' own feelings and thoughts on the usage of Netflix's English movies/series are the topics of this answer. To compare the statistic of both student categories, it will state in Table 9.

Table 9: Descriptive statistic for comparing private and state college student

N	Mean	Std. Deviation

Private	14	119.86	13.231	
State	46	116.61	14.047	

The mean scores of private and state college students were private students (M = 119.86) and state college students (M = 116.61), respectively, as shown in Table 9. In terms of vocabulary learning, the respondents from both groups appeared to be almost identical; nevertheless, private college students performed somewhat better than state college students. The data were subjected to the independent samples t-test in order to assess the significance of the difference in mean scores between private and state college students. The results of the t-test are shown in Table 10.

Table 10: Independent-samples t-test for private and state college student

	Levene's test for Equality Variances			T-test for Equality of means
	F	Sig.	t	Sig. (2-tailed)
Equal variances assumed	.213	.646	.767	.446
Equal variances not assumed		•	.793	.436

According to Table 10, there was no statistically significant difference in mean scores between private and state college students. This is due to the value above the stated level of significance (0.05). As a result, the two mean scores were not statistically different, and the second null hypothesis was confirmed: there is no significant difference in the ages of the students.

*Table 11: Descriptive statistics male and female students* 

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation
Male	14	121.50	14.717
Female	46	116.11	9.646

Table 11 shows that the mean scores of the male and female students were (M = 121.50) and (M = 116.11). In terms of acquiring vocabulary, the respondent of both groups appeared to be slightly different; however, the male students performed slightly better than the female students. An independent samples t-test was used to assess if there was a significant difference between the mean scores of male and female students. The t-test findings are shown in Table 12.

Table 12: Independent-samples t-test for male and female student

	Levene's test for Equality Variances			T-test for Equality of
				means
	F	Sig.	t	Sig. (2-tailed)
Equal variances assumed	1.343	.251	-1.285	.204
Equal variances not assumed			-1.600	.119

As shown in Table 12, the difference between the mean and median scores of private college respondents and state college respondents was not statistically significant. This is due to the fact that the value is above the specified significance (0.05). Thus, the results of the two mean scores were not statistically different, and the second null hypothesis that there is no statistical difference between male and female students was confirmed.

Table 13: Descriptive statistic for comparing the age of students

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation
17-20 years	50	117.56	14.531
21-25 years	10	116.40	10.058

According to Table 13, the mean scores for students who are 17-20 years old were (M = 117.56) and 21-25 years old were (M = 116.40), respectively. In terms of learning vocabulary, both sets of respondents appeared to be almost identical; however, the 17-20 years old students performed marginally better than the 21-25 years old students. An independent sample t-test was conducted on the data to determine the significant difference between the mean scores of students at private and state colleges. The t-test findings are shown in Table 14.

Table 14: Independent-samples t-test for the age of the students

	Levene's test for Equality Variances			T-test for Equality of means
	F	Sig.	t	Sig. (2-tailed)
Equal variances assumed	2.142	.149	.240	.811
Equal variances not assumed			.306	.763

Between the mean score of 17-20 years old students and 21-25 years old students, there was no statistically significant difference, as shown in Table 14. This is due to the fact that the value is above the set level of importance (0.05). As a result, the two mean scores were not statistically different, and the second null hypothesis that there is no significant difference in the ages of the students was verified.

The study's aim was to test the hypotheses in an experimental setting; hence, the study's focus was on the following hypotheses: 1) There is no significant different perspective between private college students and state college students toward Netflix movies/series on vocabulary improvement. Even though their English learning was at the same level, the result is slightly different. 2) Gender has no significant effects on improving vocabulary using Netflix movies/series; This statement is supported by the other research that said gender has no significant effect on learning English among EFL Learners (Iranmanesh et al., 2018). Hsu (2019) also proves in the research he conducts about students learning achievement in vocabulary. The result also

showed that there was no different significance in the students' learning outcomes based on their gender. 3) There is no significant difference between 17-20 years old students 21-25-year-old students toward Netflix as a learning aid in improving vocabulary. Barjesteh (2018) supported this statement by saying that there was no statistically significant difference in the performance of vocabulary acquisition between the young and old groups. It should be noted that the research described here was conducted with 60 college students as responders, with the vast majority of the students being from foreign countries. As a result, we cannot guarantee that the same results would be produced elsewhere. Additional research is needed to see if this pattern of limited English vocabulary learning is common.

The result of data analysis revealed that movies/series were helpful at increasing vocabulary among college students. Netflix movies/series are regarded as one of the finest ways for learning vocabulary with many benefits and advantages no matter whether the student is from a private or state university, the gender of the student, or what age the students are. On the other hand, Wei Ning (2018), in her research, also state that subtitled English movie makes vocabulary learning easier for the student. According to the research conducted by Ramazan Goctu (2017), including movies in language learning is not only beneficial for EFL students but also increases self-motivation and provides an engaging educational experience. Albiladi et al. (2018), in their research, state that almost of adult language learners said that watching English movies to learn the language is useful since the movies represent real-life language spoken by native speakers. The respondents had a tendency to believe that the language used in movies is lifelike, real, and presently, it is used to produce movies as authentic linguistic sources. In the study that was conducted by Jayasudha et al. (2021), students feel that watching English movies, especially those with subtitles, can help them learn the language. Aside from that, the students' responses indicate that they believe that English films are enjoyable and engaging.

## **CONCLUSION**

Based on the responses of the students, it may be inferred that some college students have a limited vocabulary. 43% of students agreed that they were concerned about the tough words they discovered when reading or listening and that they did not pass them. Then, 37% of students prefer books over Netflix's English movies/series for learning vocabulary. As a result, students require an efficient method to help them in the acquisition of new vocabulary. 89% of students agreed that watching English movies/series can help them learn a lot of vocabulary. And 81% of students agreed that they like to improve their vocabulary through watching Netflix movies/series. Similarly, 84% of students believed that watching English movies/series on Netflix is useful to learning English.

In a nutshell, acquiring new vocabulary through Netflix English movies/series provides students with an interesting approach to learning new vocabulary. They can improve their vocabulary in an interesting way. So, watching English movies/series on Netflix will assist students in improving their vocabulary.

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